

Specifications

Power Required	None - self powered
Output Switch	Isolated Solid State Switch
Switch Rating	<u>NOU</u> - N.O. 0.15A, 240 VAC/VDC <u>NCU</u> - N.C. 0.2A, 135 VAC/VDC
Off State Leakage	<10 micro amps
Response Time	0.120 Second
Hysteresis	Approximately 5% of Setpoint
Set Point Ranges	Fixed Core: 1-150 A Split Core: 1.75-150A
Setpoint, -GO Option	Fixed Core: 0.75 A Max trip Split Core: 1.25A Max trip
Setpoint Adjust	4 Turn potentiometer (FF, SP) 15 Turn Potentiometer (FT)
Isolation Voltage	UL Listed to 1,270 VAC
Monitored Circuit	600VAC line-to-line
Frequency Range	6-100Hz
Sensing Aperture	-FF 0.55" (14mm) -FT 0.75" (19mm) -SP 0.85" (21.7mm)
Environmental	-4 to 122°F (-20 to 50 °C) 0-95% RH, Non Condensing Pollution Degree 2 Altitude to 2000 meters
Approvals	UL/cUL, CE

For products intended for the EU market, the following is applicable to the CE compliance of the product:

The AS1 series comply with EN 61010-1 CAT III 300Vrms max. line-to-neutral measurement category. If insulated cable is used for the primary circuit, the voltage rating of the measurement category can be improved according to the insulation characteristics given by the cable manufacturer.



Warning! Risk of Danger

Safe operation can only be guaranteed if the current switch is used for the purpose it has been designed for and within the limits of the technical specification. When this symbol is used, it means you must consult all documentation to understand the nature of potential hazards and the action required to avoid them.

Warning! Risk of Shock

When operating the current switch, certain parts of the module may carry hazardous live voltage (e.g. primary conductor, controlled load). The switch should not be put into operation if the installation is not complete.



Model Number Key

AS1 - NOU - FF - GO

OPTIONS:

GO - Go/No-Go Sensor
NL No LED
-- Standard With LED (Blank)

CASE STYLE:

FF - Fixed Core, Front Terminals
FT - Fixed Core, Top Terminals
SP - Split-Core

OUTPUT (Solid State Switch):

NOU - Normally Open, 0.15A, 240 VAC/VDC
NCU - Normally Closed, 0.2A, 135 VAC/VDC

SENSOR TYPE:

AS1 - AC current operated switch with a single extended range

Ranges & Maximum Amps

Adjustable Sensors

TYPE	RANGE	MAXIMUM INPUT AMPS		
		CONTINUOUS	6 SEC.	1 SEC.
FIXED CORE	1-150 A	150A	400A	1000A
SPLIT CORE	1.75-150A	150A	400A	1000A

Fixed Setpoint Sensors (-GO)

TYPE	MAX TRIP POINT	MAXIMUM INPUT AMPS		
		CONTINUOUS	6 SEC.	1 SEC.
FIXED CORE, NCU	0.75A	250A	400A	1000A
FIXED CORE, NOU	0.75A	250A	400A	1000A
SPLIT CORE, NCU	1.25A	250A	400A	1000A
SPLIT CORE, NOU	1.25A	250A	400A	1000A



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INSTRUCTIONS



AS1 SERIES

**AC Current Operated Switch
Single Extended Range, Universal Output**

Quick "How To" Guide

1. Run the wire to be monitored through aperture.
2. Mount the sensor.
3. Connect output wiring.
 - A. Use up to 14 AWG copper wires, 75/90°C insulation
 - B. Ensure load matches the output shown on the sensor label.
4. Adjust Setpoint
 - A. Use the potentiometer to adjust the setpoint.

Description

AS1 Series are self-powered, solid-state current-operated switches which trigger when the current level sensed through the aperture exceeds the adjusted setpoint. The solid state output contacts can switch AC or DC; this “universal” output makes them well suited for application in automation systems.

Installation

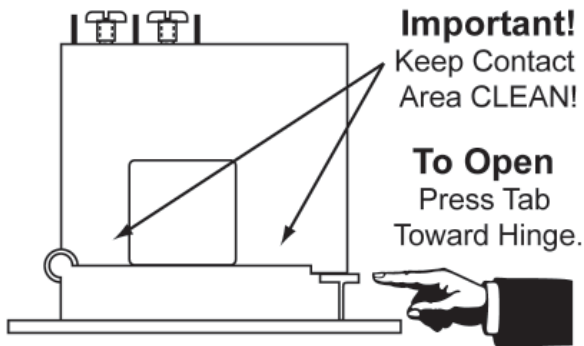
For All Versions

Run wire to be monitored through aperture (opening) in the sensor.

AS1 switches can be located in the same environment as motors, contactors, heaters, pull-boxes, and other electrical enclosures. Mounting can be done in any position or hung directly on wires with a wire tie. Ensure at least one inch clearance exists between sensor and other magnetic devices.

Split-Core Versions (-SP Suffix)

Press the tab in the direction as shown to open the sensor. After placing wire in aperture, press the hinged portion firmly downward until a click is heard and the tab pops out fully.



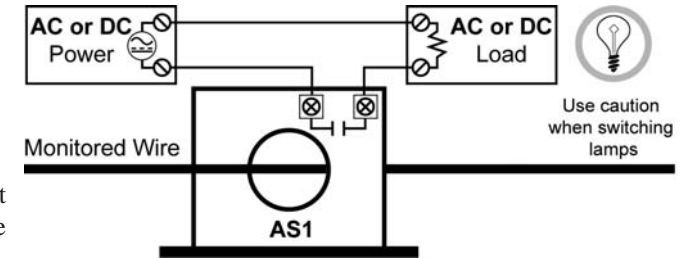
KEEP SPLIT-CORE SENSORS CLEAN.

Silicone grease is factory applied on the mating surfaces to prevent rust and improve performance. Be careful not to allow grit or dirt onto the grease in the contact area. Operation can be impaired if the mating surfaces do not have good contact. Check visually before closing.

Output Wiring

Connect control or monitoring wires to the sensor. Use up to 14 AWG copper wire and tighten terminals to 5 inch-pounds torque. Be sure the output load does not exceed the switch rating.

CAUTION Incandescent lamps can have “Cold Filament Inrush” current of up to 10 times their rated amperage. Use caution when switching lamps.



Setpoint Adjustment

AS1 Series **SETPOINT** is adjusted with a 4-turn potentiometer (-FF and -SP) or a 15-turn potentiometer (-FT). The pot is shipped factory set to the lowest setpoint, fully clockwise (CW). Turning the pot counter-clockwise (CCW) will increase the setpoint. The pot has a slip-clutch to prevent damage at either end of its rotation. To determine where the adjustment is, turn the pot all the way CW. This will return it to the minimum setpoint.

Adjustment Notes:

1. Output contacts are solid-state. Check output status by applying voltage to the contacts and reading the voltage drop across the contacts. An Ohmmeter set on “Continuity” will give misleading results.
2. It is recommended that setpoint be adjusted to allow for voltage variations of 10-15%.

Typical Adjustment

1. Turn the pot to minimum setpoint (4 or 15 turns CW).
2. Have normal operating current running through sensor. The output should be tripped since the pot is at its minimum setpoint. For units with LED, it should be flashing fast (2 to 3 times per second).
3. Turn the pot CCW until the unit un-trips. This is indicated by the slow flashing of the LED (once every 2 to 3 seconds), or by the changing of the output switch status.
4. Now turn the pot CW slowly until the unit trips again. It now set at the current level being monitored.

- A. To Set UNDERLOAD - Turn the pot about 1/8 turn further CW.
- B. To Set OVERLOAD - Turn the pot about 1/8 turn further CCW.

MONITORED AMPS	OUTPUT		SMART-LED (If Present)
	-NCU Normally Closed	-NOU Normally Open	
None or <Minimum.	CLOSED	OPEN	OFF
Below trip level	CLOSED	OPEN	SLOW (2 Sec)
Above trip level	OPEN	CLOSED	FAST (0.5 Sec.)

Trouble Shooting

1. Sensor is always tripped

- A. The setpoint may be too low. Turn pot CCW to increase setpoint.
- B. Switch has been overloaded and contacts are burned out. Check the output load, remembering to include inrush on inductive loads (coils, motors, ballasts)

2. Sensor will not trip

- A. The setpoint may be too high. Turn pot CW to decrease setpoint.

- B. Split Core models: The core contact area may be dirty. Open the sensor and clean the contact area.
- C. Monitored current is below minimum required. Loop the monitored wire several times through the aperture until the “sensed” current rises above minimum. Sensed Amps = (Actual Amps) x (Number of Loops). Count loops on the inside of the aperture.
- D. Switch has been overloaded and contacts are burned out. Check the output load, remembering to include inrush on inductive loads (coils, motors, ballasts).