http://waterheatertimer.org/How-to-troubleshoot-electric-problems-with-water-heater.html http://waterheatertimer.org/Review-Rheem-Marathon-water-heater.html



*Note:* This guide is intended for experienced contractors and service staff familiar with electric and plumbing test and service equipment, and proper safety procedures. <u>Do not attempt any service work unless you are a qualified service technician</u>!

Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Remedy
No Hot Water	1. Tripped breaker at service panel	1. Check service panel	1. Reset breaker
	2. Upper limit (ECO) on top thermostat has tripped	2. Check reset button at upper thermostat	2. Re-set ECO
	3. Failed top element	<ol> <li>Check element(s) resistance and continuity using VOM meter (see Element Guide). If good, check for voltage at element.</li> </ol>	3. Replace elements if out of spec
	4. Malfunctioning upper thermostat	4. Check for power to thermostat; If no power examine breaker and circuit	4. Replace thermostat, if necessary
Not enough	1. Thermostat setting is too low	1. Check thermostat setting	1. Refer to Page 9 of Owners Manual
hot water	2. Failed lower element	2. Check resistance/continuity of element	2. Replace failed element
	3. Malfunctioning thermostat	3. Cool tank and then monitor if power is switched to top (first) and then to bottom.	3. Replace thermostat if necessary
	4. Heater is on load control program	4. Research control hours	4. Adjust control period
	5. Dip tube failure	5. Check faucet screens for particles. Run draw test with thermometer. Does hot water run out after just a few minutes?	5. Replace failed dip tube and flush tank.
	6. Loose wire connection	6. Check all wire connections.	6. Tighten any loose connections.
	7. Incorrect sizing	7. Is tank large enough for demand?	7. Increase tank capacity
	8. Incorrect plumbing (cold going into hot connection)	8. Check for "cross-over" in plumbing lines	8. Separate Hot and Cold mixing

Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Remedy
Repeated element failure	1. Sediment build up in bottom of tank	1. Drain tank to check for sediment	1. Remove sediment from tank bottom. See Tank Cleaning Instruction sheet.
	2. Very hard water	2. Perform water hardness/pH/dissolved solids test	2. Install water softening equipment
	3. Watt density of elements too high	3. Refer to Element Data	3. Install lower watt density elements (3800 or 3000 watt)
	4. Aggressive (Extreme pH) water	4. Check element series and wattage	4. Install Titanium sheathed elements
	5. Loose wire connection	5. Check connections	5. Tighten any loose connections
Pressure relief valve leaks	1. Thermostat set too high	1. Check thermostat settings	1. Lower thermostat setting – Refer to Page 8 – section titled: Water Temperature Setting
	2. Excessive water pressure	2. Is back flow prevention installed?	2. Add expansion tank to water system
	3. Malfunctioning T&P	3. Examine for signs of mineral deposits	3. If any concern about the condition of the T&P valve, replace it. It is a safety device.
High electric billor Water	1. Hot water leak somewhere in plumbing system	1. Inspect water system	1. Repair leaks
is Too Hot	2. Above normal use	2. Review patterns of use	2. Monitor hot water usage
	3. Element shorted to ground	<ol> <li>Check element filament wire for continuity/resistance (See Element Guide) Check resistance terminals to brass element screw plug (ground)</li> </ol>	3. Replace element if necessary

Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Remedy
Water on the floor	1. Overhead leak in plumbing	1. Check for plumbing leaks	1. Tighten or repair connections
near heater	2. Weeping T&P valve	2. Check T&P drain pipe for water	2. See "Relief Valve Leaks" above
	3. Union connections at top of heater leaking	3. Examine union connections; seal rings	3. Repair/tighten connections, or replace damaged seal rings
	4. Element seal leaking	4. Inspect elements	4. Tighten element, or replace gasket
	5. Tank has failed	5. Carefully observe source of water leaking from heater.	5. Replace heater if determination is made it is an internal leak
	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic pressure – New cement floor – Water appears as narrow halo.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>6. Tape clear plastic to floor around water heater; Observe for several days. Presence of moisture on underside of plastic is from concrete.</li></ul>	6. Further aging of concrete